

KLAMATH COUNTY EXTENSION SERVICE DISTRICT

A COMPONENT UNIT OF KLAMATH COUNTY, OREGON



ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED

JUNE 30, 2019

Prepared by:

Finance Department

Klamath County Extension Service District
Annual Financial Report
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

**Klamath County Extension Service District
List of Elected and Appointed Officials
June 30, 2019**

Board of Directors

<u>Name</u>	<u>Position</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Donnie Boyd	County Commissioner	January 5, 2021
Kelley Minty Morris	County Commissioner	January 3, 2023
Derrick DeGroot	County Commissioner	January 5, 2021

Appointed Officials

Vickie Noel	Registered Agent
Vickie Noel	Treasurer & Finance Director
Mika Blain	County Counsel

Mailing Address

Klamath County Extension Service District
305 Main Street
Klamath Falls, Oregon 97601
Phone: (541) 883-4202

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FINANCIAL SECTION

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Report of Independent Auditors

Board of Commissioners
Klamath County Extension Service District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Klamath County Extension Service District (the Extension District), a component unit of Klamath County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Extension District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Extension District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 7, the budgeting schedule on page 21 and notes on page 22 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary notes in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Extension District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information on page 21 is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Extension District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Extension District's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

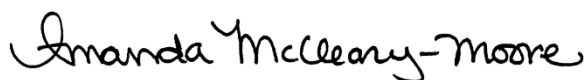
Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 27, 2019 on our consideration of the Extension District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Extension District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*

In accordance with the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, we have issued our report dated December 27, 2019 on our consideration of the Extension District's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.



Amanda McCleary-Moore, Partner for
Moss Adams, LLP
Medford, Oregon
December 27, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

**Klamath County Extension Service District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2019**

As management of Klamath County Extension Service District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the accompanying basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- Government wide, assets exceeded liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$915,094 (net position).
- The government's total net position increased by \$146,582, in comparison with the prior year.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$610,667, a decrease of \$91,224 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$550,211.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the government's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the government is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the government that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the District include Extension services and reserves for future needs of the District.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are in one category: governmental funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same function reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. There is a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities included in the basic financial statements.

The District maintains two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general and the capital projects fund. The capital projects fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for acquisitions of fixed assets or construction of major capital projects.

**Klamath County Extension Service District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2019**

The District adopts an annual budget for all of its funds. Budgetary comparison statements for the major governmental funds have been provided for in the required supplemental information. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 10 through 12 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$915,094 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The balance of unrestricted net position \$680,148 (100%) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District is able to report positive balances in total net position for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental activities. The same held true for the prior fiscal year.

The government's net position increased by \$146,582 during the current fiscal year. The largest factor in this increase is the purchase of capital assets.

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$ 872,187	\$ 768,890
Capital assets	234,946	-
Total assets	1,107,133	768,890
Other liabilities	192,039	378
Total liabilities	192,039	378
Investment in Capital assets	234,946	-
Unrestricted	680,148	768,512
Total net position	\$ 915,094	\$ 768,512

**Klamath County Extension Service District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2019**

Key elements of the changes in net position are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 5,000	\$ -
General revenues:		
Property taxes	856,976	850,558
Unrestricted grants and contributions	287,446	33,673
Unrestricted investment earnings	22,434	7,109
Miscellaneous	8	1,010
Total revenues	<u>1,171,864</u>	<u>892,350</u>
Expenses:		
Agricultural services	<u>1,025,283</u>	<u>784,231</u>
Total expenses	<u>1,025,283</u>	<u>784,231</u>
Increase (decrease) in net position	146,582	108,119
Net position, beginning	<u>768,512</u>	<u>660,393</u>
Net position, ending	<u>\$ 915,094</u>	<u>\$ 768,512</u>

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on the near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$610,667, a decrease of \$91,224 from the prior year. This amount constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$550,211. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to the total fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance represents 72.5% of total general fund expenditures.

During the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the District's general fund decreased by \$121,688. The key factor in this is current expenditures in excess of revenues, primarily due to transfers to the capital projects fund to cover vehicle and facility improvements expenditures.

The capital projects fund has a fund balance of \$60,456, all of which is held for capital expenditures by nature of the fund designation. The net increase in fund balance during the current year was \$30,464. The reason for this increase is transfers in from the general fund in excess of capital expenditures.

Budgetary Highlights

The District budgets all funds in compliance with Oregon budget law. The District did not adopt supplemental budgets during the year. All budget changes are done by resolution and or a supplemental budget as required by Oregon budget law.

**Klamath County Extension Service District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2019**

Economic Factors and Next Year's Rates

The current unemployment outlook for Klamath County increased from the previous year. The rate for 2019 is 6.9% compared to 5.0% in 2018. Residential and commercial construction is increasing over the prior fiscal year. Tax revenues are expected to increase slightly.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Office, Klamath County, 305 Main Street, Klamath Falls, Oregon 97601.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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**Klamath County Extension Service District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2019**

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 786,669
Accounts receivable	6,610
Property taxes receivable	78,908
Capital assets	
Land	211,133
Vehicles, net	23,813
Total Assets	1,107,133
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	192,039
Total Liabilities	192,039
Net Position	
Investment in capital assets	234,946
Unrestricted	680,148
Total Net Position	\$ 915,094

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Klamath County Extension Service District
Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019**

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>			<u>Governmental Activities</u>
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>	
Governmental Activities:					
Agricultural services	\$ 1,025,283	\$ 5,000	\$ 287,446	\$ -	\$ (732,837)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 1,025,283</u>	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	<u>\$ 287,446</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(732,837)</u>
		General revenues:			
					856,976
					22,434
					8
					<u>879,418</u>
					146,582
					768,512
					<u>\$ 915,094</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Klamath County Extension Service District
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2019

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 726,213	\$ 60,456	\$ 786,669
Accounts receivable	6,610	-	6,610
Taxes receivable, net	78,908	-	78,908
Total assets	<u>\$ 811,731</u>	<u>\$ 60,456</u>	<u>\$ 872,187</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 192,039	\$ -	\$ 192,039
Total liabilities	<u>192,039</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>192,039</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue	69,481	-	69,481
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>69,481</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>69,481</u>
Fund Balances			
Assigned	-	60,456	60,456
Unassigned	550,211	-	550,211
Total fund balances	<u>550,211</u>	<u>60,456</u>	<u>610,667</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 811,731</u>	<u>\$ 60,456</u>	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 8) are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource and, therefore, are not reported in the fund.

234,946

Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.

 Unavailable revenue

69,481

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 915,094

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Klamath County Extension Service District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 854,117	\$ -	\$ 854,117
Intergovernmental	21,946	-	21,946
Charges for services	5,000	-	5,000
Investment earnings	21,271	1,163	22,434
Sales - Property Distribution	-	500	500
Miscellaneous	7	-	7
Total revenues	<u>902,341</u>	<u>1,663</u>	<u>904,004</u>
Expenditures			
Current:			
Agricultural services	<u>759,029</u>	<u>236,199</u>	<u>995,228</u>
Total expenditures	<u>759,029</u>	<u>236,199</u>	<u>995,228</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	<u>143,312</u>	<u>(234,536)</u>	<u>(91,224)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfer in	-	265,000	265,000
Transfer out	<u>(265,000)</u>	-	<u>(265,000)</u>
Total other financing sources and uses	<u>(265,000)</u>	<u>265,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(121,688)	30,464	(91,224)
Fund Balances - Beginning	<u>671,899</u>	<u>29,991</u>	<u>701,890</u>
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$ 550,211</u>	<u>\$ 60,456</u>	<u>\$ 610,667</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**Klamath County Extension Service District
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental
Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(91,224)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital additions		236,199
Depreciation expense		(1,253)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		2,860
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	146,582

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Klamath County Extension Service District
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

The Klamath County Extension Service District (the District), was created by the residents of Klamath County through Measure 18-101 on May 19, 2015. The governing body is a three member Board of Directors consisting of the Klamath County Board of Commissioners. The Board of Directors is charged with the responsibility for overseeing operations of the District. The Board is further charged with the selection of a budget committee to oversee the preparation and review of the annual budget.

The following is a summary of significant accounting policies utilized by the County in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. *Governmental activities* are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. The *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

Reporting Entity

The District financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The District is a component unit of Klamath County and is presented as a blended component unit. It is governed by a board comprised of the County's Board of Commissioners and county management has operational responsibility for the District. The District reviewed all potential component units that might be included in the financial statements and concluded that none had any significant financial or operational relationships with the District.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges incurred from various other functions of the District where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the government's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *capital projects fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for the construction of a building for the District.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Property taxes are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Klamath County Extension Service District
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with the *modified accrual basis of accounting* with the following exception: interfund loans and repayments are budgeted similar to other debt transactions. The nature and amount of all significant adjustments necessary are noted on the budget to actual statements included in the financial statements.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The District participates in Klamath County, Oregon Treasurer's Investment Pool (TIP). The TIP operates in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pool is the same as the fair value of the pool shares. Information regarding the TIP may be requested by contacting the Klamath County Treasurer's office by mail, at 305 Main Street, Klamath Falls, OR 97601. The District's investment portfolio as of June 30, 2018 is representative of the types of investments made throughout the year.

Receivables

All trade receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectibles. Allowances for uncollectibles on trade accounts receivables is based on the District's expected net write-offs for the next year based upon past history.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which includes property, equipment, infrastructure assets (e.g., sidewalks, sewers, and similar items), and their improvements, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment and \$10,000 for infrastructure with an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Klamath County Extension Service District
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

Capital assets of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings & Improvements	20 - 50
Infrastructure	30
Vehicles	7
Equipment	10

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government’s policy to consider unrestricted – net position to have been depleted before restricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government’s policy to consider unrestricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of restricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The government itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government’s highest level of decision-making authority. The governing council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The governing body (board) has by resolution authorized the finance director to assign fund balance. The board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated

Klamath County Extension Service District
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies *(continued)*

revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real and personal property and are levied on July 1st. Property taxes are assessed in October and tax payments are due November 15th of the same year. Under the partial payment schedule, the first one-third of taxes is due November 15th, the second one-third on February 15th, and the remaining one-third on May 15th. A three percent discount is allowed if full payment is made by November 15th and a two percent discount is allowed if two-thirds payment is made by November 15th. Taxes become delinquent if not paid by the due date and interest accrues after each trimester at a rate of one percent per month. Property foreclosure proceedings are initiated four years after the tax due date. Property taxes were levied at the permanent rate of \$0.15 per \$1,000 of assessed value within the County. Measure 50 established the permanent rate and allows for an increase of the assessed value of three percent per year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2 – Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The District budgets all funds. On or before June 30 of each year, the District enacts a resolution approving the budget, appropriating the expenditures, and levying the property taxes. Prior to enacting this resolution, the proposed budget is presented to a budget committee consisting of the Board of Directors and a like number of interested citizens. The budget committee presents the budget to the Board of Directors for budget hearings prior to enactment of the resolution approving the budget, appropriating the expenditures, and levying property taxes. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

The budget is prepared by fund, department, activity, and line, and includes information of the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Expenditures may not exceed legally budgeted appropriations at the level of personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt services, transfers out, and other requirements/expenditures for each fund.

Unexpected additional resources or appropriations may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget. A supplemental budget requires hearings before the public, publications in newspapers, and approval by the Board of Directors. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval by passing a Director's resolution authorizing the transfer. All budget amendments are subject to the limitations put forth in the Oregon Revised Statutes Chapters 294.305 through 294.565 (Oregon Budget Law). No supplemental appropriations, permitted by Oregon Budget Law, were authorized by the Directors during the fiscal year. The District does not use encumbrances.

Annual budgets are adopted generally following the modified accrual basis of accounting with the following exception: Interfund loans and repayments are budgeted similar to other debt transactions. The nature and amount of all significant adjustments necessary are noted on the budget to actual statements included in the financial statements.

Klamath County Extension Service District
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of and reflected on the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2019 as follows:

	Primary Government
Klamath County Treasurer Investment Pool	\$ 786,669
	<u>\$ 786,669</u>

Investments

Credit risk - TIP: Oregon Revised Statutes, Chapter 294, authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Government agencies and instrumentalities, bankers' acceptances guaranteed by an Oregon financial institution, repurchase agreements, State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool, certain high grade commercial paper, and various interest bearing bonds of Oregon municipalities, among others. The District does not have a deposit policy for investment credit risk. The District's investment portfolio as of June 30, 2019, is representative of the types of investments made throughout the year. Since the District does not have formal policies and all deposits are in the TIP, please see Klamath County's financial statements for more information risk exposures of the TIP.

Custodial credit risk – TIP: The District's investment in the TIP are not required to be categorized by level of credit risk because these investments are not evidenced by securities.

Concentration of credit risk – TIP: The District does not have a policy regarding concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk - TIP: The District does not have a policy regarding interest rate risk.

Note 4 - Receivables

Governmental funds report *unavailable revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. At the end of the current fiscal year *unavailable revenue* reported in the governmental funds related to property taxes.

Klamath County Extension Service District
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note 5– Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depreciated					
Land	\$ -	\$ 211,133	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 211,133
	<u>-</u>	<u>211,133</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>211,133</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated:					
Machinery and equipment	55,350	-	-	-	55,350
Vehicles	48,514	50,608	(25,542)	-	73,580
	<u>103,864</u>	<u>50,608</u>	<u>(25,542)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>128,930</u>
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Machinery and equipment	55,350	-	-	-	55,350
Vehicles	48,514	2,507	(1,253)	-	49,768
	<u>103,864</u>	<u>2,507</u>	<u>(1,253)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>105,118</u>
Total being depreciated, net	<u>-</u>	<u>48,101</u>	<u>(24,289)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,812</u>
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 259,234</u>	<u>\$ (24,289)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 234,945</u>
DEPRECIATION					
Governmental Activities:					
Agricultural services	<u>\$ 1,253</u>				

Klamath County Extension Service District
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note 6 – Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audits and adjustments by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 7 – Interfund Transfers

Transfers are used to 1) move resources from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments are due, 2) move restricted amounts from borrowings to the debt service fund to establish mandatory reserve accounts, 3) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the District must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs, and 4) move amounts from various departments to reserve accounts to fund budgeted reserves.

Note 8 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District is a member of the Special Districts Insurance Services (SDIS). SDIS was created by the Special Districts Association of Oregon in 1984 for the purpose of providing a pooling mechanism for jointly purchasing insurance, jointly self-insuring, and/or jointly contracting for risk management services. SDIS is fully funded by its members, who pay annual assessments on an experience rated basis, as determined by an outside, independent actuary. The assessment covers loss, loss adjustment, and administrative expenses. The District obtains insurance from SDIS for the following coverages: general liability limit of \$5,000,000 per occurrence; a crime policy in lieu of bond for claims up to \$50,000; and various real, personal and inland marine property coverage for replacement costs. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance limits in any of the past three years.

Note 9 – Fund Balance

Fund balance is restricted based on Measure 18-101 passed by the residents of Klamath County on May 19, 2015. The ballot measure provided for the formation of the District and provide funding with a permanent property tax rate. The property taxes based on the ballot measure are restricted to provide operating support for Oregon State University's Klamath Basin Research and Extension Center to maintain its programs including educational resources, applied research and support for sustainable agriculture to the citizens, agricultural enterprises and businesses of Klamath County.

The capital project fund, fund balance has been assigned by management to be held for future capital related projects.

Note 10 – Related Party Transactions

Transactions with the County for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

Expenses:		
Administrative Fees	\$	17,020
Building Maintenance Fees		40,892
	\$	<u>57,912</u>

Klamath County Extension Service District
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

Note 11 – Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

- Level 1: Unadjusted quoted prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- Level 2 Quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; and model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable.
- Level 3 Valuations derived from valuation techniques in which significant inputs are unobservable.

Fair values of assets of the District measured on a recurring basis at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Investments measured at the net asset value (NAV)	
Treasurer's Investment Pool	786,669
Total investments measured at NAV	<u>786,669</u>
Total investments at fair value	<u>\$ 786,669</u>

The Treasurer's Investment Pool's (TIP) objective is to provide a safe, liquid, and competitive investment option for local government pursuant to Oregon Revised Statutes Chapter 294. The TIP's investment objectives are, in priority order: 1) conformance with federal, state, and other legal requirements, 2) preservation of capital and the protection of investment principal, 3) liquidity to meet operating requirements, 4) diversification, and 5) market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. The TIP offers 100% liquidity to its participants.

The TIP primarily invests in cash, Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), US Treasury, US agency and corporate debt securities. The fair value of the securities is based on quotes from independent pricing vendors. The third-party vendors use a variety of methods when pricing these securities that incorporate relevant observable market data to arrive at an estimate of what a buyer in the marketplace would pay for a security under current market conditions. US Treasuries are considered level 1 and corporate debt securities are considered level 2. The LGIP is also valued at net asset value per share (or its equivalent).

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Klamath County Extension Service District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual (with Variances)
General Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 796,979	\$ 796,979	\$ 854,117	\$ 57,138
Charges for Services	-	-	5,000	5,000
Intergovernmental	11,000	11,000	21,946	10,946
Investment earnings	2,000	2,000	21,271	19,271
Miscellaneous	-	-	8	8
Total revenues	<u>809,979</u>	<u>809,979</u>	<u>902,342</u>	<u>92,363</u>
Expenditures				
Current:				
Agricultural services				
Materials and services	796,404	796,404	759,030	37,374
Contingency	20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Total expenditures	<u>816,404</u>	<u>816,404</u>	<u>759,030</u>	<u>57,374</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,425)	(6,425)	143,312	149,737
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(41,000)	(265,000)	(265,000)	-
Total other financing sources and uses	<u>(41,000)</u>	<u>(265,000)</u>	<u>(265,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	(47,425)	(271,425)	(121,688)	149,737
Fund Balance - Beginning	447,575	671,575	671,899	324
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 400,150</u>	<u>\$ 400,150</u>	<u>\$ 550,211</u>	<u>\$ 150,061</u>

See notes to required supplementary information

**Klamath County Extension Service District
Notes to Required Supplemental Information
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Annual budgets are adopted generally following the modified accrual basis of accounting with the following exception: Interfund loans and repayments are budgeted similar to other debt transactions. The nature and amount of all significant adjustments necessary are noted on the budget to actual statements included in the financial statements.

The budget is prepared by fund, department, activity, and line, and includes information of the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Expenditures may not exceed legally budgeted appropriations at the level of personal services, materials and services, capital outlay, debt services, transfers out, and other requirements/expenditures for each fund.

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OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

**INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS
AND SCHEDULES**

Klamath County Extension Service District
Capital Projects Fund
June 30, 2019

Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

Capital Projects

The capital projects fund was established to account for major infrastructure improvements to District-owned facilities.

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Klamath County Extension Service District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Budget and Actual (with Variances)
Capital Projects Fund
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Sales-Surplus Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 500	\$ -
Investment earnings	-	-	1,163	(1,163)
Total revenues	-	-	1,663	(1,163)
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	35,100	259,100	236,198	22,902
Contingency	6,000	6,000	-	6,000
Total expenditures	41,100	265,100	236,198	28,902
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(41,100)	(265,100)	(234,535)	30,565
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	41,000	265,000	265,000	-
Total other financing sources and uses	41,000	265,000	265,000	-
Net change in fund balances	(100)	(100)	30,465	30,565
Fund Balance - Beginning	35,000	35,000	29,991	(5,009)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 34,900	\$ 34,900	\$ 60,456	\$ 25,556

See notes to required supplementary information.

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OTHER SCHEDULES

**Klamath County Extension Service District
Schedule of Property Tax Transactions
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019**

Fiscal Year Ending	Balance as of July 1, 2018	Current Levy	Discounts and Adjustments	Collections	Balance as of June 30, 2019	Interest Receivable as of June 30, 2019
2019		\$ 863,166	\$ (21,898)	\$ 806,989	\$ 34,279	\$ 12,592
Prior years						
2018	\$ 35,299	\$ -	\$ (1,400)	\$ 16,645	\$ 17,254	\$ -
2017	17,953	-	1,861	9,352	10,462	-
2016	10,685	-	2,524	8,889	4,320	-
2015	-	-	-	-	-	-
2014	-	-	-	-	-	-
2013	-	-	-	-	-	-
2012 and prior	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total - Prior Years	<u>63,937</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,985</u>	<u>34,886</u>	<u>32,036</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 63,937</u>	<u>\$ 863,166</u>	<u>\$ (18,913)</u>	<u>\$ 841,875</u>	<u>\$ 66,315</u>	<u>\$ 12,592</u>

Summary by Fund

General Fund	<u>\$ 66,315</u>
Total	<u>\$ 66,315</u>

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GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS SECTION

Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Commissioners
Klamath County Extension Service District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund, of Klamath County Extension Service District, Oregon (the Extension District), a component unit of Klamath County, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Extension District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Extension District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Extension District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Extension District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Extension District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mass Adams LLP

Medford, Oregon
December 27, 2019

STATE OF OREGON COMPLIANCE SECTION

Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance and on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Oregon Minimum Audit Standards*

Board of Commissioners
Klamath County Extension Service District

We have audited the basic financial statements of Klamath County Extension Service District (the Extension District), component unit of Klamath County, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and have issued our report thereon dated December 27, 2019. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the provisions of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Extension Districts' basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grants, including provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules OAR 162-10-0000 to 162-10-0330, as set forth below, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts:

- The use of approved depositories to secure the deposit of public funds.
- The requirements relating to the preparation, adoption and execution of the annual budgets for fiscal years 2019 and 2020.
- The requirements relating to insurance and fidelity bond coverage.
- The appropriate laws, rules and regulations pertaining to programs funded wholly or partially by other governmental agencies.
- The statutory requirements pertaining to the investment of public funds.
- The requirements pertaining to the awarding of public contracts and the construction of public improvements.

However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

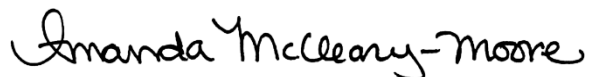
In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Extension Districts' internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Extension Districts' internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Extension Districts' internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Amanda McCleary-Moore, Partner for
Moss Adams LLP
Medford, Oregon
December 27, 2019